## CPS506 Comparative Programming Languages Functional Programming

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- simpler model
- no state to reason about
- easier for proofs
- very expressive
- Ieverage multi-core

- LISP 1957 first-class functions
- APL 1962 no globals
- ML 1973 Hindley-Milner type inference
- Hope\*! early 1970s call-by-pattern, algebraic data types
- Miranda\* 1985 proprietary
- Haskell\* 1990

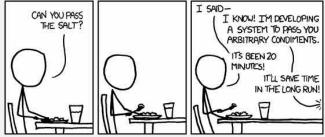
- LISP/Scheme John McCarthy / Guy Steele
- APL/FP Ken Iverson / John Backus
- ML Robin Milner / Dave MacQueen / Robert Harper
- Haskell Simon Peyton Jones / Paul Hudak / Phillip Wadler

- $\lambda$ -calculus
- first-class functions
- garbage collection
- literal constructors
- tail-recursion
- closures

- return values vs. modify state
- functions as values
- list comprehensions
- limited/no mutability (FRP)

## Where FP?

- lots of companies where thinking more important than coding
- ...'tho that can be taken too far



- all of the languages we're discussing used in some large companies
- Paul Graham of Y-combinator fame made his money using LISP as competitive advantage

- non-mutation
- binding
- matching
- scope

- simple functions: fn x -> x + 1 end
- function composition
- function piping

• map

• filter

- first-class functions retain bindings
- static scope
- pure-functional makes this easy